Gas Chromatograph

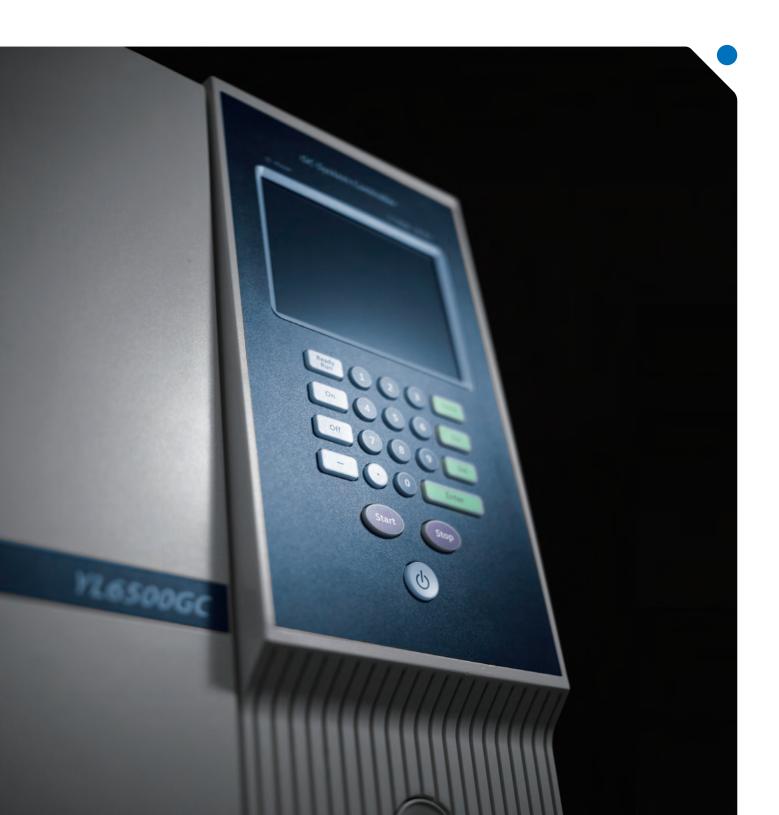




The **iDEA** makes **iDEAL** !

YL6500 GC, 5th generation GC of Young In Chromass, has been a legacy line in a GC market. With strongly enhanced APC (Advanced Pneumatic Control), installation of three units of inlet and detector for each enables to extend the various GC configurations to perform complex analysis.

YL6500 GC provides substantially reliable and precise data by every single part from the stable inlets to the extremely sensitive detectors as well as the innovative haptic touch pad strengthening user interface with a finger-tip. Moreover, an intuitive chromatography data system with user-friendly interface improves the ease of instrument control.



Key Features

View

- Enlarged haptic color LCD (5.7") showing all factors at a glance
- Classic and lab-suitable design
- Intuitive and user-friendly view by chromatography data system

Verification

- High speed data process by network (LAN) communication
- Enhanced APCs for all modules
 - Increased precision in gas pressure and flow rate for more reliable results
 - Automatic compensation for temperature & pressure in installation condition
 - Pressure setpoint increment : 0.001 psi
 - Column flow control modes: Constant pressure/ Constant flow
 - Shockproof design and stable structure against oven temperature changes
 - Up to six APCs can be installed and up to 18 channels of APC
- Upgraded column oven
 - Programming ramp/plateaus : 25 / 26
 - Thermal stability : \pm 0.01 °C

Variety

- Maximum no. of inlet / detector installation : 3
- Various inlets available
 - Capillary Inlet (Split/Splitless Inlet)
 - Packed Inlet
 - On-Column Inlet (Temperature programming up to 5 steps)
- Various detectors with high sensitivity available
 - Flame Ionization Detector (FID)
 - Thermal Conductivity Detector (TCD)
 - Micro-Thermal Conductivity Detector (µTCD)
 - Nitrogen Phosphorus Detector (NPD)
 - Flame Photometric Detector (FPD)
 - Electron Capture Detector (ECD)
 - Pulsed Discharge Detector (PDD)
 - Pulsed Flame Photometric Detector (PFPD)
 - Photoionization Detector (PID)
 - Mass Spectrometer

Value

- Saving user's valuable time with a high throughput autosampler
- Improved column conditioning function: Automatic set of split flow up to 5 ml/min on column conditioning
- Prevention of oven malfunction (Over heating)
- Automatic stop when an oven door gets opened during operation.

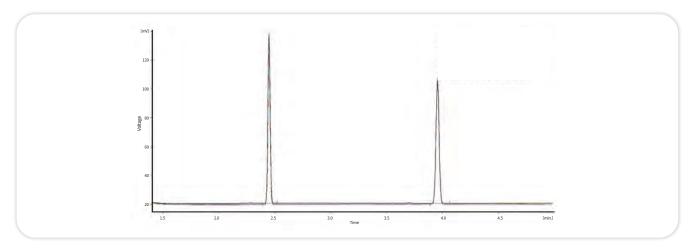


Feel the Difference

Exceptional Reproducibility

The strongly enhanced APC with increased precision of gas pressure and flow rate assures an accurate result, especially in the reproducibility. The following chromatograms overlaid 11 times of injections verify the superior reproducibility in retention time.

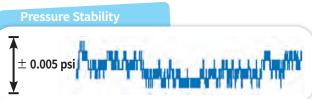
Number of Injection	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RT (min) of Peak 1	2.4541	2.4538	2.4519	2.4531	2.4526	2.4544	2.4531	2.4525	2.4542	2.4531	2.4525
RSD (%)	0.0334										
RT (min) of Peak 2	3.9576	3.9569	3.9565	3.9579	3.9559	3.957	3.9572	3.9555	3.9582	3.9571	3.9576
RSD (%)	0.0207										

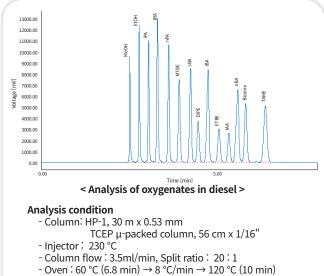




The Ultimate in Gas Chromatography

The powerful programming function of oven temperature, pressure and flow rate enables to shorten retention time and reduce decomposition and loss of samples. Moreover, the swift and accurate control of valve switching time in settable point up to 0.01 min allows analyzing complex samples containing various components that can not be separated by one column or detected by one detector reversing column flow precisely (Backflush) with no loss of peak area values.





- FID: 250 °C
- 1st column switching time(backflush) : 0.23 min
- 2nd column switching time : 6.65 min
- Valve Temp: 100 °C

Dedicated Applications

Our accumulated experience in gas chromatography and devotion for customers' satisfactions led to supply one stop solution for various dedicated applications. You only need to let us know what to analyze, and then every single component that is required to analyze your sample will be configured right away.

Why is it called "dedicated applications"? We provide all you need

- Properly configured GC (Inlets, Detectors, Valves, Methanizers, etc.)
- Suitable sample preparation system/accessories
- Standard solutions
- Chromatography data system with saved methods
- Analytical columns
- Accessories (Traps, Syringes, etc.)
- Related application notes

Residual Solvent Analysis

Organic residual solvents used in the manufacture of pharmaceuticals and found in the inks used for the printing of packaging materials for food and drug products are known to be hazardous to human health if ingested. Residual Solvent Analyzer can accurately and efficiently detect and quantify residual solvents.

Fatty Acid Analysis

In the food industry, the quality management for products is conducted by analyzing esterified fatty acids to determine the ratio of saturated fatty acids and unsaturated fatty acids in fat. For fatty acids have many isomers to be separated, they are commonly analyzed by gas chromatograph after esterified to Fatty Acid Methyl Esters (FAMEs) to avoid peak tailings in a direct injection of fatty acid and column clogging. It's very important to set an oven program because the polar or moderately polar capillary columns used in this analysis have low temperature limit. The order of peaks must be indentified first for the eluted peaks of fatty acids are different in the use of polar or moderately polar capillary columns. Fatty Acid Analyzer is suitable to analyze various fatty acids and provide all the solution from the preparation to the method set-up.

Refinery Gas Analysis

Refinery gas is a mixture of gases generated during refinery processes which are used to process crude oil into various petroleum products. Analyzing refinery gas has been getting very important in environmental fields because there are several components or chemicals in it that can potentially harm the environment if released unchecked. Due to the fact of installation detectors and inlets up to 3, Refinery Gas Analyzer can configure several columns, switching and sampling valves as well as the appropriate detectors to analyze the complex and difficult refinery gas samples.

TOGA (Transformer Oil Gas Analysis)

Oil based transformer insulating fluids are known to release combustible gases, which can decrease the efficiency of the insulating fluid while creating a dangerous situation. TOGA System is a state of the art system for efficiently and accurately monitoring the buildup of combustible gases in the insulating oils of transformer. Such monitoring can prevent an accident from occurring, as well as ensure that the insulating oil is functioning under optimal conditions.

VOC Analysis

VOC Analyzer accurately tests the presence of VOCs and measures their concentration. The analyzer contains all necessary reagents and equipment for conducting the analysis including detailed procedures and protocols for conducting the tests. These protocols are in full compliance with approved U.S. EPA methods.

Pyrolysis GC Analysis

Pyrolysis-GC system is a state of the art system for obtaining information on the ingredients found in various non-volatile and low-soluble polymers such as nylon, wax, paint, film, wood and plastic products. The targeted material or sample is heated to be fragmented into its individual constituents, which are then separated and identified by the GC System.

Natural Gas Analysis

Analysis of natural gas requires a very complicating configuration because it contains low level of oxygen (< 3%), isomers and compounds more than C4 which are not needed for analysis results. Natural Gas Analyzer can be configured in ideal with accurate valve switching venting unnecessary components and collecting significant things in time to the appropriate columns and detectors.

See the Performance

Newly designed and highly sophisticated electronic board for each detector reduces a noise level 2~5 times lower than traditional Young In Chromass's detectors. In addition, powerfully enhanced electronic circuit enables to detect weak signals for improvement of data process of samples in trace level.

Flame Ionization Detector (FID)

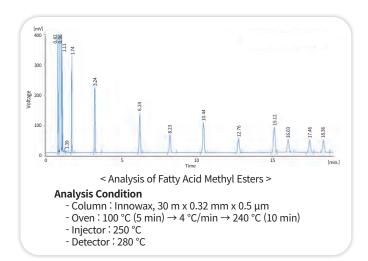
A Flame Ionization Detector measures the quantity of ions which are produced when a sample coming out from a column is flamed by hydrogen and air. So, this is to be used to detect any organic compounds which can be ionized by hydrogen/air flame. With linear dynamic range of seven orders, the function of auto ignition can start an ignition automatically at a setting temperature. In addition, a unified interconnector with high conductivity delivers very stable signals to electronic parts to maximize the sensitivity.

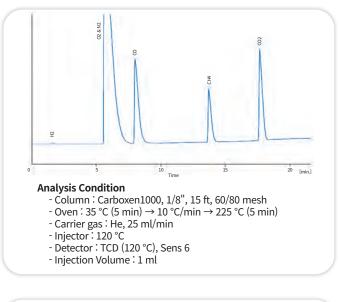
Thermal Conductivity Detector (TCD)

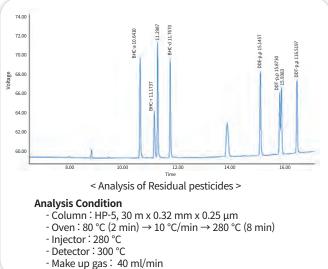
A Thermal Conductivity Detector is introduced as a universal detector because it can detect every compound which has different thermal conductivity from that of carrier gas. It is recommended to use carrier gas such as hydrogen (H₂) or helium (He) that has a big difference of thermal conductivity from that of sample components. The especially stabilized design of TCD against shock with superior thermal conductivity creates extremely stable baseline as well as minimized noise level. Also, Young In Chromass's unique filament protection reduces its maintenance substantially.

Electron Capture Detector (ECD)

An Electron Capture Detector is used for detecting electron-absorbing components such as halogenated compounds. Our remarkably advanced ECD structure maximizes electron capture efficiency and the microvolume cell increased detecting performance as well as sensitivity.

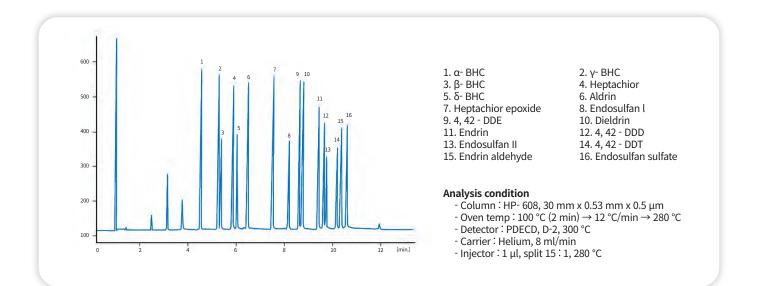






Pulsed Discharge Detector (PDD)

PDD has two different modes, one is PDECD and the other is PDHID. The PDECD is a selective detector for monitoring high electron affinity compounds such as freons, chlorinated pesticides, and other halogen compounds. For this type of compound, the minimum detectable quantity (MDQ) is at the femtogram (10^{-15}) or picogram (10^{-12}) level. The PDD is similar in sensitivity and response characteristics to a conventional radioactive ECD, and can be operated at temperatures up to 400°C. For operation in this mode, He and CH₄ are introduced just upstream from the column exit. The other mode, the PDHID is an universal, non-destructive, high sensitivity detector. The response to both inorganic and organic compounds is linear over a wide range. Response to fixed gases is positive (increase in standing current), with an MDQ in the low ppb range.



Nitrogen Phosphorous Detector (NPD)

A Nitrogen Phosphorous Detector is a specific detector which gives a strong response to organic compounds containing Nitrogen or Phosphorus. The detector is based on the principle of ionization of the analyte in presence of a heated alkali source.

Micro-Thermal Conductivity Detector (μ-TCD)

A Micro-Thermal Conductivity Detector is operated in a same principle as TCD but a smaller cell to improve sensitivity. The detector cell includes two separate nickel/ iron filaments, capable of independent or referenced (differential) operation. Cell volume and geometry are optimized for capillary chromatography and enhanced sensitivity at low flow rates. (Recommended total flow rate: 2-10 ml/min.) Thermal stability is maintained to $\pm 0.02^{\circ}$ C, resulting in a stable and noise-free signal.

Flame Photometric Detector (FPD)

A Flame Photometric Detector is similar to the FID in that the sample exits the analytical column into a hydrogen diffusion flame. But FPD analyzes the spectrum of light emitted by the compounds as they luminescence in the flame and detects selectively substances containing Sulfur or Phosphorous.

Pulsed Flame Photometric Detector (PFPD)

A Pulsed Flame Photometric Detector is to selectively analyze compounds containing Sulfur or Phosphorous but provides more than 10 times higher sensitivity and selectivity compared to a traditional FPD. It also requires low gas consumption ensuring detector stability for minimized maintenance.

Photoionization Detector (PID)

Photoionization Detector (PID) is a uniquely-designed GC detector that selectively responds to aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons in the presence of alkanes and other saturated hydrocarbons.

Save your time in laboratories

Liquid Sample Autosampler

Young In Chromass liquid sample autosampler offers both reliability and superior performance for all GC/GC-MS applications reaching customer's requirement with the improved sample capacity, which means you can analyze your samples more quickly and get reproducible data. Innovative run-all-samples mode makes the operation simpler than ever, so you only need to load your samples and run the analysis without extra downtime. Its sophisticated sampling techniques provide the variable needle depths to draw the sample anywhere within the vial allowing you to use various types of syringes with volume from 0.5 to 100 ul to cover the widest range of applications.

• Features

• The self-aligning "plug and play":

YL3000A series autosampler mounts in seconds without tools. It can be easily moved between GCs when workloads change (easy positioning / removal/re-positioning).

- Full-color touch screen interface : It provides easier system accessibility and usability. Touch screen eliminates drilldown while simplifying instrument control for the entry-level users and experienced users.
- Double wash step capability: Including pre- and post-wash solvent in addition to A, B… F solvents, you can also choose for a combination of A+B, A+C…. F+E solvents for superior analytical performance(carry-over free).
- Syringe illumination : To keep always the sample under control, for easy check against air bubbles in method validation.
- Integrated bar code reader :
- To offer you full and detailed sample tracking.
- SyringelD:

A proprietary technology based on RFID tags. This is to identify syringes in a univocal way to prevent errors when mounting a syringe (i.e.: no syringe volume mismatch possibility) and keep track of the syringe consumption.

4 models at a glance !

	<u> </u>				
	YL3000A	YL3100A	YL3200A	ChroZen PAL LSI	
Operation Type	Tray in-out and Turret	Rack-Turret	Drawer Tray Turret	X-Y-Z Positon	
Sample Capacity (2 mL)	121-position	15-position	209-position	648 positon	
Washing Vial	6 (10 mL)	6 (10 mL)	6 (10 mL)	4 (10 mL) or 2 (100 mL)	
User Interface	Touch Screen / Software	Key pad / Software	Touch Screen / Software	Handheld controller/ Software	
Installation kit	An installation kit is requested (P/N: 6501011240)	An installation kit is requested (P/N: 6501011240)	An installation kit is requested (P/N: 6501011240)	A mounting kit is requested (P/N: PAL3-Kit-YL6500)	
Dual injection	Available	Available	Available	Available	
Integrated Bar Code Reader	N/A	N/A	Available as option	Available as option	
Syringe ID	N/A	N/A	Available	N/A	



YL3000A Autosampler



YL3100A Autoinjector



YL3200A Autosampler



ChroZen PAL LSI System

Sample Preparation System

Versa Automated Headspace Vial Sampler

Static headspace is one of the most popular techniques due to its versatility for analyzing volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in a complex variety of matrices. This is due to the elimination of tedious sample preparation steps and prevents contamination problems that are common to other sample introduction techniques. Versa is the perfect solution for applications which require all the advantages of headspace analysis and is economical to fit any budget.

HT3 Automated Static and Dynamic Headspace System

The HT3[™] combines Static and Dynamic Headspace analysis techniques into one easy-to-use unit, saving you time, bench space and money. Built on proven static headspace technology, the HT3[™] provides increased sensitivity from 50 to 100 times with the Dynamic Headspace option (dependant on compound), accurate and precise results with electronically controlled flow and pressure and single scheduling for multiple methods and techniques.

YL2000H / YL2100H Static Headspace Autosampler

YL2000H, available in GC or GC/MS, is useful to analyze drinking water, waste water, soil (EPA 5021), industrial waste, etc. The YL2000H eliminates tubing, dead volume and sample absorption. The injection tower transports vials to the 6 position incubator for orbital agitation at the programmed temperature. The heated syringe then samples the headspace vial and injects directly into the GC.

• YL2000H : 42 vials, 20 ml, Touch pad • YL2100H : 14 vials, 20 ml, Keypad

ChroZen PAL RSI/RTC System

All the Sampling Techniques Available in ONE Unit

ChroZen PAL RSI/RTC system is a robot that can reach any three dimensional positions within its working space and is ideally suited to pick and place objects like vials. It can be adapted or extended to provide the combined injection techniques such as static headspace injection, liquid injection, SPME (Solid Phase Micro Extraction) and ITEX (In-Tube Extraction) dynamic headspace in one instrument.

Lumin Purge and Trap Concentrator

The Lumin Purge and Trap Concentrator (PTC) is a sample preparation instrument used to remove Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) out of aqueous and solid sample types using Helium or Nitrogen.

AQUATek LVA Waters-only Autosampler

The AQUATek LVA is a Purge and Trap (P&T) Autosampler that automates the sample preparation steps for the analysis of liquid samples via purge and trap. The system is capable of preparing samples such as drinking water and wastewater.

Atomx XYZ Automated VOC Sample Prep System

The Atomx XYZ is the second generation combined soil/water autosampler and purge and trap concentrator system to analyze VOCs. It provides 84-position vial tray with optional vial chiller to 4°C and the improved moisture control system reduces the amount of water transferred to the GC.



Versa





YL2000H



ChroZen PAL RSI/RTC



Lumin



AQUATek LVA



Atomx XYZ

Others

Pyrolyzer, Pyroprobe 6000 series

Pyrolyzer coupled with YL6500 GC allows you to analyze the samples such as paint, tapes, caulk, adhesives, food packaging, rubber, plastic, papers, ink, coating and a full range of household products



without extractions or derivatizations for qualitative and quantitative information.

Gas Sampling Valve

In order to obtain accurate results in gas analysis, it is necessary to equip with a gas sampling valve in the front of column. The gas sampling



valve enables manual or automatic gas sample injection and flow switching. Our gas sampling valve is operated by an air actuator or u-electronic actuator which opens and closes it. They are small, relatively inexpensive, very rugged, dependable, and field-serviceable.

Purge Housing

When you analyze samples of O₂, N₂, etc with low concentration of a few ppms, the purge housing is very useful for this analysis. Purge housings eliminate any



possible diffusion from the atmosphere into the valve, or safely vent fugitive emissions from the valve.

FID Tower Plus

The FID Tower Plus hydrogen and air generator uses the latest technology in PEM(Polymer Electrolyte Membrane) for the production of pure hydrogen. Its vertical design allows positioning in over the laboratory bench so it requires only small space near your GC, optimizing the space you need.



The FID Tower Plus can provide up to 7000L of H₂ before the user refills it. Moreover, the practical system of internal deionizing cartridge replacement greatly simplifies the only maintenance recommended.

Chromatography Data System

YL-Clarity

The sophisticated YL-Clarity and Autochro-3000 chromatography data system is easy to use and offers extensive data management plus full control of the entire Young In Chromass Chromatographs. The software is designed for 21 CFR Part 11 Compliance and fully compatible with all Windows OS.

21 CFR Part 11 Compliance

User accounts

It sets up access rights and passwords (including their parameters e.g., minimum length, validity, etc.). Each user can define the appearance of own station.

Audit trail

It records selected events and operations into a special file and selected operations directly into a chromatogram.

Electronic signature

Each chromatogram can be signed electronically. Signature selection is based on the username or the signature certificate.

Data Management

Integration

The integration parameters can be changed by entering global parameters or interactively, through direct graphic modification of the baseline.

Calibration

Internal and external standard calculation methods, calibration of groups of peaks and reference peaks method for better identification.

Postrun

It automatically displays, prints, exports and starts other programs after the completion of a measurement.

User calculations

Using the integrated editor you can create your own columns from original columns and individual mathematical functions.



Optional

SST (System Suitability Test) Validation Kit NGA (Natural Gas Analysis) DHA (Detailed Hydrocarbons Analysis)

Data Acquisition

Overlay

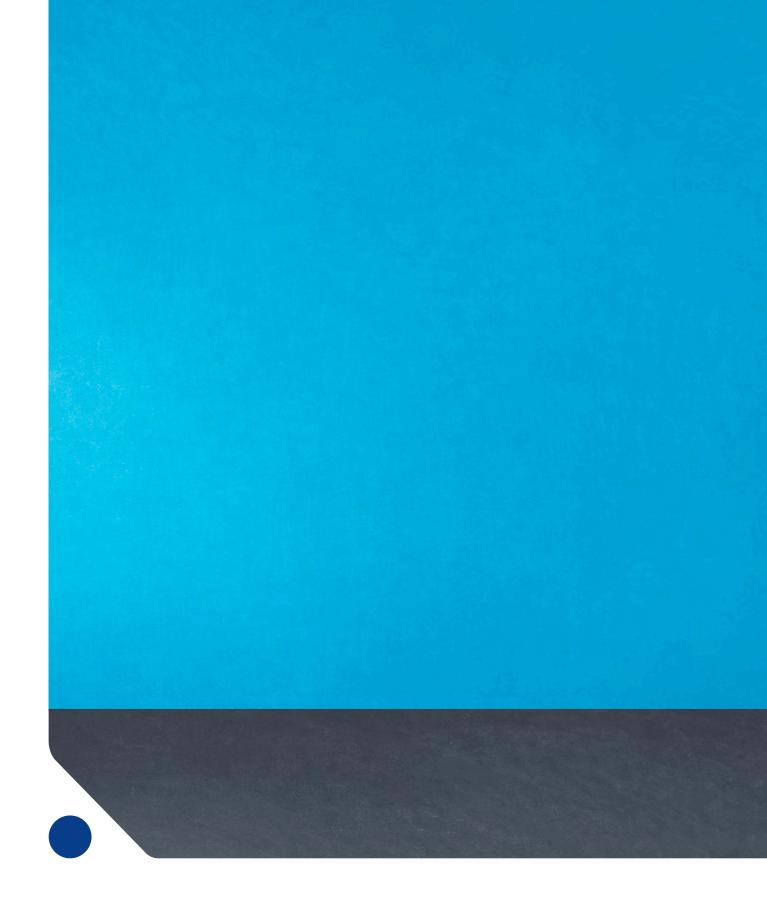
It simultaneously displays a virtually unlimited number of chromatograms and their mathematical modification; for example, mutual deductions or derivations of any order.

Measuring

Simultaneous data acquisition from up to four independent chromatographs, each can acquire data from up to 12 detectors.

Technical Specifications

Column Our									
Column Oven	Lleokle velvere	· 141							
YL6500 GC Oven System Module	 Usable volume : 14 L Temperature operating range : 4 °C above ambient to 450 °C or more Cooling down option : - 80 °C ~ 450 °C (with LN₂ cryogenic cooling) - 40 °C ~ 450 °C (with LCO₂ cryogenic cooling) Temperature set-point : 0.1 °C Temperature programming : 25 ramps/26 plateaus Maximum heating rate : 120 °C/min Maximum run time : 9,999 min Temperature program method : Maximum up to 20 Temperature stability : ±0.01 °C (Isothermal), ±0.1 °C (Gradient) 								
Inlet									
Packed Inlet		perature:450 °C ng range:0.01~ 100 m	l/min						
Capillary Inlet (Split/Splitless Inlet)	- Total flow setti	perature : 450 °C ing range : 0.01 ~ 400 m 0.01 ~ 1000 r setpoint : 0.01 min	ıl/min N2 ml/min He/H2	 Pressure setting range : 0.001 ~ 100 psi Pressure stability < ± 0.005 psi Temperature stability < ±0.1 °C Flow stability < ±0.05 ml/min 					
On-Column Inlet		perature: 450 °C programming up to 5 ste	eps	- Temperature setpoint:0.1 °C					
Detector (Data Acqui	sition Rate: 200	Hz)							
	Maximum Temp.	MD)L	Others					
Flame Ionization Detector	450 °C	1.5 pg carbon/sec		Linearity: 10 ⁷					
Thermal Conductivity Detector	400 °C	2.5 ng/ml (Standard) 400 pg/ml (uTCD)		 Flow through cell : 4 Rhenium-Tungsten filaments Filament protection 					
Electron Capture Detector	400 °C	10 fg/sec		Linearity $: > 10^4$					
Nitrogen Phosphorous Detector	400 °C	< 0.2 pg N/sec (Azobe < 0.02 pg P/sec (Parat	enzene) thion methyl)	Linearity for N : $> 10^4$ Linearity for P : $> 10^4$					
Flame Photometric Detector	300 °C	< 1.0 pg S/sec < 0.2 pg P/sec		Linearity for S : Calibration curve is compulsory Linearity for P: > 10^5					
Pulsed Discharge Detector	400 °C	(PDHID): - Organic compound - Permanent gas: low (PDECD): 10 ¹⁵		(PDHID): Linearity 10^5 (PDECD): Linearity 10^5					
Autosampler									
Liqid S	Sample Autosample	er		ChroZen PAL RSI/RTC System All the Sampling Techniques Available in ONE Unit					
 Syringe Volume: 0.5, 1, 5, Tray Capacity YL3000A : 121 vials, 2 ml YL3100A : 15 vials, 2 ml YL3200A : 209 vilas, 2 ml ChroZen PAL LSI : 648 vi Electrical Control : LAN ar Filling/Injection Speed : 1 Internal Standard Volume Washing Solvent Capacity 	(2 removable racks) als, 2 ml nd TTL, RS232 (Optic ~100 µl/sec : as low as step of 0 / : 6 x 10 ml vials) n)).1 μl	 Liquid Operation Tray capacity: 648 vials, 2 ml Repeatability: < 0.60 % RSD Carry Over: < 0.004 % Headspace Operation Tray Capacity: 180 Vials (10/20ml) Syringe Temperature: 40 - 150 °C Carry Over: < 0.05 % Repeatability: < 1.00 % RSD SPME (Arrow) Trace level sensitivity 						
	00H Headspace Aut	osampler	- High mechanical robustness						
Tray Capacity YL2000H : 42 Vials (20 m YL2100H : 14 Vials (20 m Syringe Sizes: 2.5 (standar Sampling Repeats: Up to Sampling Volume: Steps o Injection Speed: 0.5 – 100	l) (Optional : 10 ml) rd) ; optional ; 1 and 15 of 0.01 ml ml/min	5 ml	 YL2800T/YL2850T all in All in One Unit Liquid Operation Tray capacity: 121 vials, 2 ml Headspace Operation Tray Capacity: 42 vials (20ml); optional: 6 and 10 ml Syringe Temperature: 40 - 150 °C SPME (Fiber) as option Fiber cleaning station (Temperature: 210-300 °C) 						
	-Position	iniplei	-Fiber cleaning station (Temperature: 210-300 °C) HT3 Static & Dynamic Headspace Autosampler						
 Autosampler Capacity: 20 Platen Heater : Single pos Vial Size : 22 mL vials Sample Loop : (Standard) (Option) 100, 250, 500 µL 	ition; ambient to 20 1 mL Silco [®] coated l	oop.	 Autosampler Capacity : 60-position Platen Heater : Up to 10 vials simultaneously heated up to 300 °C Vial Size: 9, 12, 22 mL vials accepted 						





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Young In Chromass's products are endorsed by Korean PPS(Public Procurement Service) in recognition of their excellent technologies and the product quality.